



ALEXANDER W. STEPHENS served on the Court of Appeals of Georgia from 1918 until the 16th of December, 1943. He was born January 14, 1874, in Atlanta and died December 16, 1943.

His family moved to Crawfordville and later to Washington, Georgia. He attended a private school and also Washington Academy. He attended Means Military High School, later known as Gordon High School and thereafter Boys High School, all in Atlanta. He graduated from the latter in 1891, entering the sophomore class of the University of Georgia and receiving his A.B. degree in 1894. He studied law in the office of Atlanta attorney John C. Reed and was admitted to the Bar in 1896.

Judge Stephens never married but was a member of an illustrious family. His grandfather was a brother to the famous Georgian Alexander Hamilton Stephens, who was Vice-President of the Confederacy, member of Congress, and Governor of Georgia. The latter's brother was an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Georgia. Judge Stephens was survived by a brother, Dr. Robert G. Stephens.

He practiced law in Atlanta from 1896 to 1918, spending a year at Harvard University at Cambridge to pursue a special course in the law. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, the Knights of Pythias, and the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He was elected a Judge of the Georgia Court of Appeals in 1918 and remained on the court approximately 25 years until his death.

He wrote an article appearing in the Georgia Bar Association Annual Reports on "The Career of Lord Erskine" in 1925 and in 1931 another on "Constitutional Conventions." In 1937 he wrote and delivered an elaborate address before the Georgia Bar Association which was printed in its annual report.

Many kind expressions about him are recorded in the memorial dated May 15, 1945, in 72 Georgia Appeals Reports, pages 893-902. "While in his legal opinions Judge Stephens was inclined to the liberal side, somewhat after the manner of the late Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes," in his other views he was a conservative.

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gone on and on and has established itself in the front ranks of the college journals of America. It is now fifty-~~two~~^{four} years since it was launched on its brilliant career by Ben Yow.

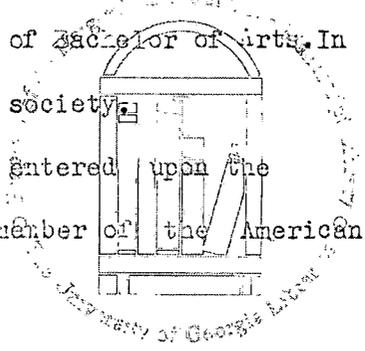
After his graduation he went to New York University, where he was graduated from Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1898 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. As stated above he never practiced his profession. The business world claimed him. He served as president of the Toccoa Bankin. Company and as vice-president of the Toccoa Mills. He made a great success of all his business and industrial undertakings. He never lost interest in education or the University. He served as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Georgia State Teachers College and also as a member of the Board of Managers of the Alumni Society of the University of Georgia.

On Nov. 9, 1898 he was married to Miss Mary Faith Dorsey, daughter of Judge Richard T. Dorsey, of Atlanta, and sister of his collegemate, Hugh Manson Dorsey, who in later years was to become Governor of Georgia. . They had two daughters, Mary Faith, born Oct. 10, 1899, and Sarah Dorsey, born Feb. 1, 1902.

ALEXANDER W. STEPHENS

Alexander W. Stephens was born in Atlanta, Ga., January 14, 1874, the son of John Alexander Stephens and Emma Simpson Stephens. He was a grand nephew of Alexander H. Stephens. He attended the Deys High School in Atlanta before entering the University of Georgia in 1891, graduating there in 1894 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In college he was a member of the Phi Kappa literary society.

He attended the Harvard Law School and entered upon the practice of his profession in Atlanta. He was a member of the American



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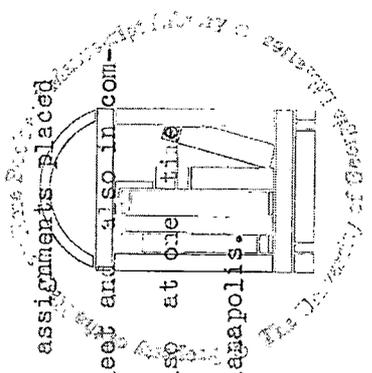
Law Institute, American Bar Association and Georgia Bar Association. At times he contributed important articles to the American Law Review and the Central Law Journal. He was elected as a member of the Georgia Court of Appeals in 1918 and was re-elected from time to time, serving in that position with distinction until his sudden death Sept. 16, 1943, a period of twenty-five years.

FRANK HARDEMAN/ BRUMBY

Rear-Admiral Frank Hardeман Brumby, who retired from active duty in the United States Navy on Sept. 30, 1938, had seen service from ensign to ree-admiral during the fifty-one years between 1897 and his retirement.

He was born at Athens, Ga., Sept. 11, 1874, the son of John Wallis Brumby and Belle Hardeман Brumby. He entered the University of Georgia and was due to graduate with the class of 1894, but having been appointed a naval cadet from Georgia in Sept. 1891, he withdrew from the University and entered the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., . In 1897 he was assigned the commission of ensign and served in the navy until his retirement as Rear-Admiral

During the actual period of World War I he commanded the U.S.S. Cincinnati. From 1918 to 1921 he was stationed at the Navy Yard at Norfolk, Va. From 1922 to 1924 he was captain at the Washington Navy Yard. In 1924 he assumed command of the U.S.S. New Mexico. In 1926 he went to the Naval War College in Newport, R.I. Other assignments placed him in charge of the central force of the U.S. fleet and also in command of the submarine division control force. He also at one time commanded the U.S. S. Texas, also the flagship Indianapolis.



His name in the Navy